

UPB[™] 6-Button Controller User's Guide



www.pcslighting.com

Powerline Control Systems, 19201 Parthenia Street, Suite J, Northridge, CA

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Chapter 1 About This Guide

This guide is intended for both the homeowner and the professional installer.

In this guide we will explain the operation and configuration of the PCS line of 6-Button Controllers. Among other topics we will cover:

- What is a PCS 6-Button Controller?
- Default operation of the 6-Button Controller.
- How to customize the pushbutton behavior.
- How to customize the LED indicator behavior.
- How to use 6-Button Controllers with PCS Wall Switch Dimmers.

We will use the UPStart setup tool to configure some example UPB Lighting Systems

You may choose to install UPB devices and follow along with the examples in this guide or you may simply read this guide to get an understanding of the many things you can do with a UPB 6-Button Controller.

The Assumptions

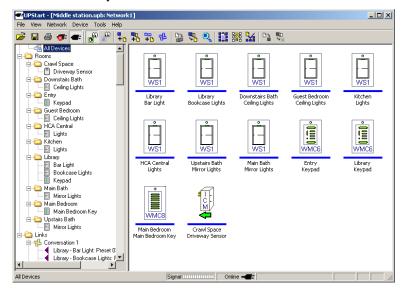
For the purposes of this guide, we assume that you are familiar with the basic operation of the UPStart setup tool. If not, please familiarize yourself with it by referring to the UPStart User's Guide.

We assume that a UPB network has already been created and the devices have been added to this network using the techniques taught in the <u>UPStart User</u>'s Guide.

Furthermore, for the purposes of the examples, we assume that the factory default configuration information that is set inside of new devices has been erased so that we are starting from "blank" (un-configured) devices.

About UPStart

UPStart is a Windows® based software application designed by Powerline Control Systems (PCS) that provides the ability to easily setup and test your UPB devices. Using UPStart, you are able to unlock the hidden potential inside your UPB devices and design a custom lighting and control system that is tailored to your needs and desires.



Not only are you able to configure your lighting and control system but, with UPStart's powerful test capabilities, you are also able to test your powerline for noise, measure communication signal strengths, and functionally test your UPB devices. All this gives you good confidence that once you are finished installing and configuring your UPB lighting and control system you will never have to worry about coming back later to fix or "tweak" the system.

UPStart is designed to interface to the powerline through a special device called a Powerline Interface Module (PIM). The PIM plugs into any standard electrical wall outlet and connects to your PC or laptop computer via either a serial or USB cable.

The main purpose of the UPStart is for configuring UPB devices. We can use UPStart to customize the many features built into our UPB devices to the exact way we prefer them to be set. We can use UPStart to configure which pushbuttons control which devices. We can use UPStart to build and configure dramatic lighting scenes that are activated by a single press of a pushbutton. We can use UPStart to configure LED feedback. We can use UPStart to configure the devices to interact with home automation controllers.

Chapter 2 About Your UPB 6-Button Controller

What is a PCS UPB 6-Button Controller?

PCS 6-Button Controllers are pushbutton devices capable of transmitting Universal Powerline BusTM (UPB) Commands onto the 120VAC powerline to remotely control other UPB Lighting System devices. They also have LED backlight indicators that give system feedback and status information and also can be used as a nightlight.



6-Button Controllers come in both wall mounted (WMC6) and desktop (DTC6) versions. For the purposes of this guide, unless otherwise stated, we will treat both versions the same and refer to them as the WMC6.

The WMC6 contains eight pushbuttons, six LED indicators (behind the horizontal pushbuttons), and an IR remote receiver. The six pushbuttons are labeled ON, OFF, A, B, C, and D, as well as a bright (\blacktriangle) and dim (\blacktriangledown) button.

Controllers spread throughout your house can remotely command your Wall Switch Dimmers (and other UPB devices) to go to different light levels (or states) at different fade rates. Because it communicates on the powerline, no new wires are required to install this device.

Pushbutton Switches

The WMC6 has a total of eight momentary pushbutton switches grouped as follows:

- Two large horizontal pushbuttons: one at the top referred to as the ON Button and one at the bottom referred to as the OFF Button.
- Four small horizontal pushbuttons referred to as Button A, Button B, Button C, and Button D. Together, these pushbuttons are referred to as the middle four pushbuttons.
- One vertical pushbutton split in two halves: the top is referred to as the UP Button and the bottom is referred to as the DN (down) Button.

LED Indicators

The WMC6 has a total of six LED indicators that it uses to indicate its current status. The six LED indicators are placed behind the six horizontal pushbuttons (ON, OFF, A, B, C, and D) and each illuminates its pushbutton when it is turned on. The LED Indicators can be set to one of four different brightness levels or off. They can also be used as a nightlight to help find the keypad in the dark.

IR Remote Receiver

The WMC6 has an Infrared (IR) Remote Receiver that it uses to receive Infrared messages from an (optional) IR Remote Control.

UPB Communication

Universal Powerline BusTM (UPB) communication is a method of reliably communicating command, control, and status information across an electrical AC powerline. Because of its low cost and high reliability characteristics, the UPB communication method is ideally suited for command and control applications in both the residential and commercial markets.

UPB Receiver

The WMC6 has UPB Receiver Logic capable of receiving UPB Communication Packets from the powerline.

UPB Transmitter

The WMC6 has UPB Transmitter Logic capable of transmitting UPB Communication Packets onto the powerline.

6-Button Controller Connections

The 6-Button Controller is easy to install. Just connect it to the existing powerline. Since it communicates over the powerline no extra communication wires are needed to be run throughout the house.

Connecting The WMC6 To The Powerline

The PCS 6-Button Wall-Mount Controller (WMC6) has two wires that are used to connect it to the powerline: the black one is for line voltage (120V AC 60Hz) and the white one is for neutral. Figure 1 shows how the WMC6 connects to a typical UPB Lighting System.

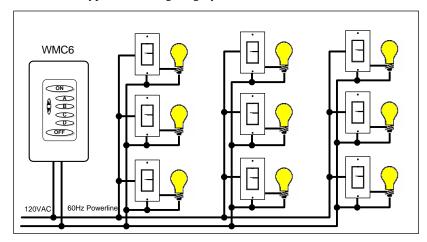


Figure 1: WMC6 Connections To A UPB Lighting System

Note: Please refer to the <u>6-Button Controller Installation Manual</u> for exact instructions on installing and wiring your WMC6 6-Button Controller.

Connecting The DTC6 To The Powerline

The PCS 6-Button Desktop Controller (DTC6) has a standard two-prong electrical cord for plugging into any standard 120VAC 60Hz electrical outlet.

Chapter 3 Pushbutton Switches

The WMC6 has a total of eight momentary pushbutton switches that it uses to transmit configured UPB commands to your other UPB devices. Each pushbutton switch can be configured (using a UPB Setup Tool) to transmit a different set of UPB commands. This chapter describes the factory default operation of the pushbutton switches as well as how to re-configure them to do many other things.

Pushbutton Events

The WMC6 is capable of detecting any of the four types of Pushbutton Switch Events (defined in Table 1) on any of its Pushbutton switches.

Pushbutton Event	Definition
Single-Tap	The switch is pressed for a short time and then released.
Double-Tap	The switch is pressed for a short time and then released and then quickly pressed again for a short time and released.
Hold	The switch is pressed and held for at least ³ / ₄ seconds without being released.
Release	The switch was released after a Hold event.

Table 1: Pushbutton Switch Events

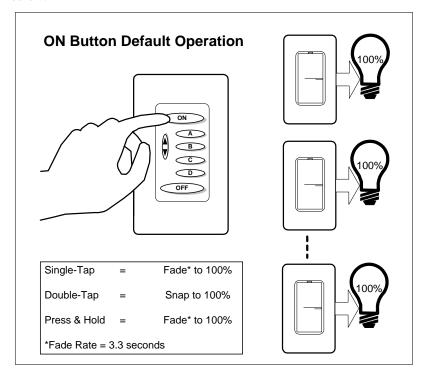
Each pushbutton switch event can be configured (using a UPB Setup Tool) to transmit a different UPB command to control your UPB devices. This makes the WMC6 into a very flexible lighting system controller.

Default Scene Lighting System

Each WMC6 has been pre-configured at the factory in such a way as to control PCS Wall Switch Dimmers as a simple scene lighting system. This default scene lighting system is perfect for controlling all of the lights in a single room (or small house). This section will describe the operation of the default scene lighting system and what you can do with it.

ON Button Default Operation

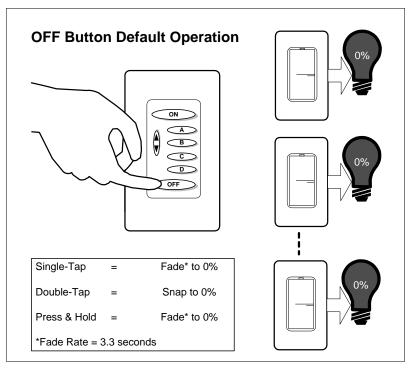
In the default scene lighting system, the ON Button of the 6-Button Controller will control all of the Wall Switch Dimmers that are connected to your powerline and set to their factory default configuration. The ON button will control the Wall Switch Dimmers as described in the figure below.



As can be seen, the ON Button is used to turn all of the Wall Switch Dimmers on to 100% at the 3.3-second fade rate. A double-tap of the ON Button will cause the Wall Switch Dimmers to "snap" to 100%.

OFF Button Default Operation

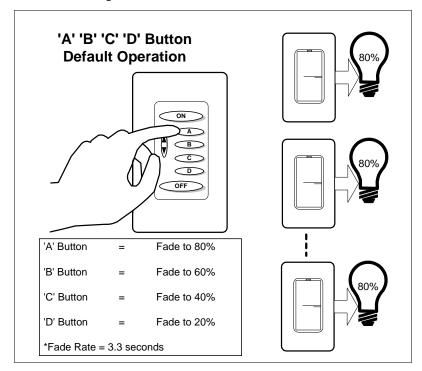
In the default scene lighting system, the OFF Button of the 6-Button Controller will control all of the Wall Switch Dimmers that are connected to your powerline and set to their factory default configuration. The OFF button will control the Wall Switch Dimmers as described in the figure below.



As can be seen, the OFF Button is used to turn all of the Wall Switch Dimmers off at the 3.3-second fade rate. A double-tap of the OFF Button will cause the Wall Switch Dimmers to "snap" to off.

'A' 'B' 'C' 'D' Button Default Operation

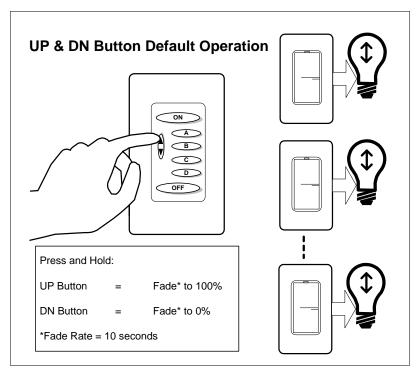
In the default scene lighting system, the 'A' 'B' 'C' 'D' Buttons of the 6-Button Controller will control all of the Wall Switch Dimmers that are connected to your powerline and set to their factory default configuration. The 'A' 'B' 'C' 'D' buttons will control the Wall Switch Dimmers as described in the figure below.



As can be seen, the 'A' Button is used to turn all of the Wall Switch Dimmers on to 80% at the 3.3-second fade rate. The 'B' Button is used to turn all of the Wall Switch Dimmers on to 60% at the 3.3-second fade rate. The 'C' Button is used to turn all of the Wall Switch Dimmers on to 40% at the 3.3-second fade rate. The 'D' Button is used to turn all of the Wall Switch Dimmers on to 20% at the 3.3-second fade rate.

UP & DN Button Default Operation

In the default scene lighting system, the UP & DN Buttons of the 6-Button Controller will control all of the Wall Switch Dimmers that are connected to your powerline and set to their factory default configuration. The UP & DN Buttons will control the Wall Switch Dimmers as described in the figure below.



As can be seen, the UP Button is used to brighten all of the Wall Switch Dimmers up to 100% at the 10-second fade rate. The DN Button is used to brighten all of the Wall Switch Dimmers up to 100% at the 10-second fade rate.

Manually Adjusting The Preset Light Levels (Scenes)

The preset light levels of 100%, 80%, 60%, 20%, and 0% in the default scene lighting system are fine for many situations but what if you desire different light levels than those? In fact, what if you want to create a scene in which the 'A' Button makes one light fade to 80%, another light fade to 50%, another light fade to 25% and another light fade to 10%?

PCS lighting system products give you an easy manual method for adjusting and setting the preset light levels that get produced when each pushbutton is pressed. You can easily adjust the preset light levels by following the adjustment procedure outlined in Figure 2 below.

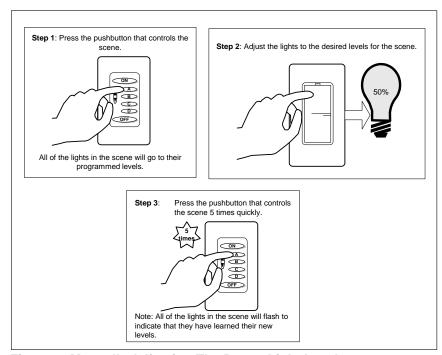


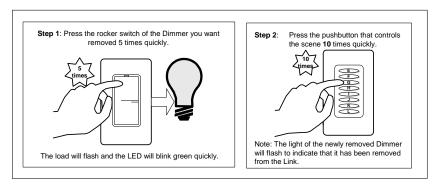
Figure 2: Manually Adjusting The Preset Light Levels

Using this adjustment procedure, the homeowner can easily adjust and "tweak" the light levels to his/her personal tastes. This procedure can be repeated as many times as you like until you have the levels set just right.

Note: this procedure only works on Controller pushbuttons and Wall Switch Dimmers that are already "linked" together. More information about "linking" Controller pushbuttons to Wall Switch Dimmers is contained in the next sections of this chapter.

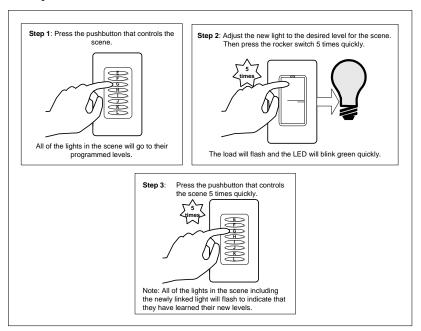
Manually Unlinking A Wall Switch From A Controller Button

Each WS1D Wall Switch Dimmer comes pre-configured from the factory "linked" to all of the pushbuttons of the 6-Button Controller (see "Default Scene Lighting System"). Any link between a pushbutton and a Wall Switch Dimmer can easily be removed by following the steps outlined below.



Manually Linking A Wall Switch To A Controller Button

New links can easily be added to your Wall Switch Dimmers by following the steps outlined below.



Using UPStart to Change Pushbutton Behaviors

This section will describe how the default scene lighting system can be modified (using UPStart) to link different Controller pushbuttons to different Wall Switch Dimmers as well as to create interesting lighting scenes. Before we can do this, however, we must go over some basics of how the pushbuttons are configured.

Note: this section assumes the reader has a basic understanding of UPStart as described in the UPStart User's Guide.

What Can Pushbuttons Transmit?

Each pushbutton on a 6-Button Controller can be configured to transmit a different UPB command for each of the four pushbutton events: single-tap, double-tap, hold, and release. Furthermore, each pushbutton can be configured to toggle between two different commands each time that event occurs. The possible UPB commands that can be assigned are summarized in Table 2 below.

Command	Description
Activate	Commands all devices to go to their preset level at their preset fade rate.
Deactivate	Commands all devices to go to 0% at their preset fade rate.
Goto On	Commands all devices to go to 100% at their default fade rate.
Goto Off	Commands all devices to go to 0% at their default fade rate.
Fade Up	Commands all dimmable devices to go to 100% at the 6.6-second fade rate.
Fade	Commands all dimmable devices to go to 0% at the 6.6-
Down	second fade rate.
Fade Stop	Commands all dimmable devices to stop fading.
Snap On	Commands all devices to go to 100% at the snap (instant) fade rate.
Snap Off	Commands all devices to go to 0% at the snap (instant) fade rate.
Quick On	Commands all devices to go to 100% at the 0.8-second fade rate.
Quick Off	Commands all devices to go to 0% at the 0.8-second fade rate.
Slow On	Commands all devices to go to 100% at the 10-second fade rate.

Command	Description
Slow Off	Commands all devices to go to 0% at the 10-second fade rate.
Blink	Commands all devices to blink their outputs on and off at a 0.5-second blink rate.

Table 2: UPStart's UPB Commands

What Are Transmit Modes?

In order to make it easier for you to configure your pushbuttons' transmit behaviors UPStart has defined a certain set of popular configurations and called them Transmit Modes. The current set of UPStart Transmit Modes are summarized as follows:

Scene Activator Mode:

In the Scene Activator mode the pushbutton will transmit an "Activate" command whenever it is tapped or held. This is ideal for when you want a single pushbutton to activate a preset scene.

Off Button Mode:

In the Off Button mode the pushbutton will transmit an "Activate" command whenever it is single-tapped or held. **Note**: it is up to the installer to configure the devices activated by this pushbutton to go to 0%. It will also transmit a "Snap Off" command whenever it is double-tapped. This is usually assigned to the OFF Button on 6-Button Controllers to either fade or snap the lights to 0% (off).

On Button Mode:

In the On Button mode the pushbutton will transmit an "Activate" command whenever it is single-tapped or held. **Note**: it is up to the installer to configure the devices activated by this pushbutton to go to a desired level. It will also transmit a "Snap On" command whenever it is double-tapped. This is usually assigned to the ON Button on 6-Button Controllers to either fade or snap the lights to 100% (on).

Dim Button Mode:

In the Dim Button mode the pushbutton will transmit a "Fade Down" command whenever it is held and a "Fade Stop" command when it is released. This is usually assigned to the DN Button on 6-Button Controllers to dim the lights.

Bright Button Mode:

In the Bright Button mode the pushbutton will transmit a "Fade Up" command whenever it is held and a "Fade Stop" command when it is released. This is usually assigned to the UP Button on 6-Button Controllers to brighten the lights.

Top Rocker Mode:

In the Top Rocker mode the pushbutton will transmit a "Goto On" command whenever it is single-tapped and a "Snap On" command whenever it is double-tapped. It will also transmit a "Fade Up" command whenever it is held and a "Fade Stop" command when it is released. This is usually used to emulate the top rocker switch of a Wall Switch Dimmer.

Bottom Rocker Mode:

In the Bottom Rocker mode the pushbutton will transmit a "Goto Off" command whenever it is single-tapped and a "Snap Off" command whenever it is double-tapped. It will also transmit a "Fade Down" command whenever it is held and a "Fade Stop" command when it is released. This is usually used to emulate the bottom rocker switch of a Wall Switch Dimmer.

Panic Button Mode:

In the Panic Button mode the pushbutton will transmit a "Blink" command whenever it is single-tapped or held. It will also transmit a "Goto Off" command whenever it is double-tapped. This is usually used to activate an alarm type response in which a group of lights start blinking. Double-tapping the pushbutton stops the blinking.

Toggle Button Mode:

In the Toggle Button mode the pushbutton will alternate between transmitting an "Activate" command and a "Deactivate" command whenever it is pressed. This is usually used when you want a single pushbutton to control a single device with on/off control.

On/Off Button Mode:

In the On/Off Button mode the pushbutton will alternate between transmitting a "Goto On" command and a "Goto Off" command whenever it is single-tapped or held. It will also alternate between transmitting a "Snap On" command and a "Snap Off" command whenever it is single-tapped. This is also used when you want a single pushbutton to control a single device with on/off control.

Super Toggler Mode:

In the Super Toggler mode the pushbutton will alternate between transmitting an "Activate" command and a "Deactivate" command whenever it is single-tapped. It will also alternate between transmitting a "Snap On" command and a "Snap Off" command whenever it is double-tapped. It will alternate between transmitting a "Fade Up" command and a "Fade Down" command whenever it is held and it will transmit a "Fade Stop" command when it is released. This is usually assigned to the pushbuttons on an 8-Button Controller when you want a single pushbutton to control a single device with on/off and dimming control.

Null Button Mode:

In the Null Button mode the pushbutton will not transmit any command onto the powerline.

Custom Button Mode:

In the Custom Button mode the tool allows you to assign any two commands to each pushbutton event. This mode is used to create any type of transmit control that wasn't provided in the previous set of UPStart Transmit Modes.

What Are Links?

In the PCS UPB Lighting System, all control operations are done using Links. There are 254 available Links per UPB network. Links are used to logically "connect" events on one or more devices to actions on one or more other devices. When two or more different devices share a common Link they are said to be "linked" together. They can now communicate with each other over the powerline using the Link as a common identifier in all of their communications. UPStart makes it easy to "link" devices together. It also allows you to name your Links (i.e. "All Lights On") so that you can more easily work with them.

Figure 3 shows an example of how the Link associated with the 'B' pushbutton will control Wall Switch 'A' (which contains the same Link) but won't affect Wall Switch 'B' (which doesn't contain the same Link).

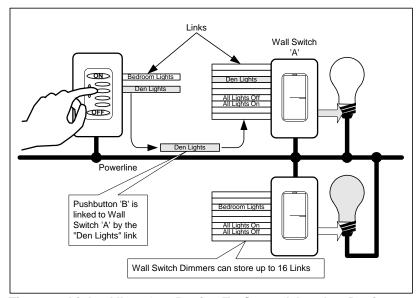


Figure 3: Links Allow One Device To Control Another Device

The power of Links is that you can "link" more than two devices together. For instance, one Controller pushbutton can be linked to four Wall Switch Dimmers allowing the single press of that pushbutton to trigger all four lights to go to preset or absolute levels. The LED indicators on the Controller's pushbuttons can also be assigned the same Link allowing the LED indicators on two (or more) Controllers to track each other.

What Are Scenes?

Scenes are simply a set of pre-configured light levels and fade rates in one or more devices that get "activated" and "deactivated" by a single command (i.e. push of a button).

In the PCS UPB Lighting System, all control operations are done using Links. There are 254 available Links per UPB network. Links are used to logically "connect" events on one or more devices to actions on one or more other devices. When two or more different devices share a common Link they are said to be "linked" together. They can now communicate with each other over the powerline using the Link as a common identifier in all of their communications.

In addition, many of the PCS UPB Lighting System scene-capable devices, such as Wall Switch Dimmers, allow for a preset light level and fade rate to be associated with each Link (see Figure 4).

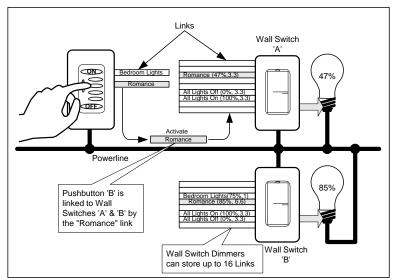


Figure 4: Links Have A Light Level & Fade Rate (Scene) Associated With Them

A special UPB command (called "Activate") is used to command all of the devices that have the same Link to go to their preset Light Levels at their preset Fade Rates. For instance, in our example in Figure 4, pressing the 'B' pushbutton sends an "Activate" command on the "Romance" Link causing Wall Switch 'A' to go to 47% at the 3.3 second fade rate and Wall Switch 'B' to go to 85% at the 6.6 second fade rate. The ability to send more than one device to its preset level at a preset fade rate with a single command is known as activating a scene.

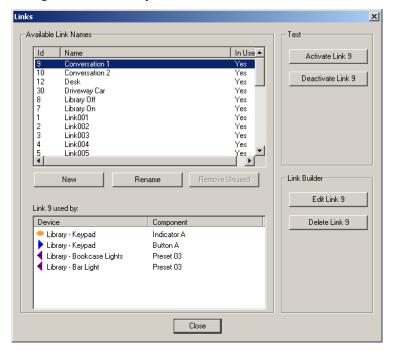
Linking Pushbuttons To Dimmer Scenes With UPStart

One of the main things you will want to do with UPStart is to use it to link events on the pushbuttons of your Controllers (like single-taps and double-taps) to corresponding actions on your Dimmers (like turning them on or off). This is the way you get a single-tap of the top pushbutton (ON) on your 6-Button Controller to turn on your downstairs lights and the next pushbutton (A) to turn off your bedroom lights.

In this section we will go through the steps to necessary to use UPStart to link a Controller's pushbutton to a Wall Switch Dimmer.

Step 1: Create The Links

In UPStart, before you can assign Links to your devices you must first create and name the Links. One way to do this is by using the Link Names Dialog that is activated by the **Network**→**Link Names** menu item.



We create a new Link by pressing the "New" button, which brings up a New Link Dialog.



We use the New Link Dialog to enter a name for our new Link.

Note: Link Names can be any length of alphanumeric and punctuation characters. It is suggested that you use words that help you identify what the purpose of the Link is. For instance, if the Link is used to control a single device then use the name of that device. If the Link is used to control a scene then use a scene name (e.g. Good Morning, All Lights Off, etc.).

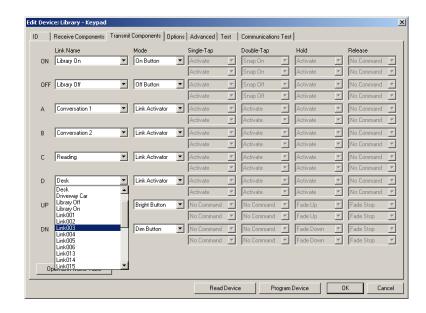
Press the OK button to accept the Link Name and repeat this process for any other Links you want to add (up to 254 Links available).

After creating and naming all of the Links that we want we close the Link Names Dialog by pressing the "Close" button.

Step 2: Assign the Links to the Pushbuttons

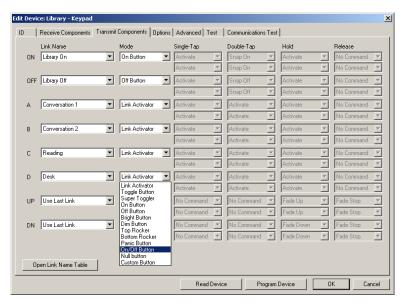
Now that we have created the Links we can assign them to the individual pushbuttons. To do this, we bring-up the Edit Device Dialog for our 6-Button Controller. In UPB terminology, the pushbuttons on the 6-Button Controller are considered to be Transmit Components (because they transmit UPB messages on the powerline). There is a special tab on the Edit Device Dialog called the Transmit Components tab that is used to configure how the pushbuttons transmit.

Each row of this tab corresponds to a different pushbutton on the Controller. Each pushbutton has a Link Name selector that is used to assign a single Link to a pushbutton. We use the Transmit Components tab to assign each pushbutton to a corresponding Link.



Step 3: Assign The Transmit Modes

After the Links are assigned to the pushbuttons it is time to configure how the pushbuttons transmit to the Wall Switches. To do this we go back to the Transmit Components tab for the Controller. Each pushbutton on this tab has a Mode selector that is used to assign it a transmit mode.



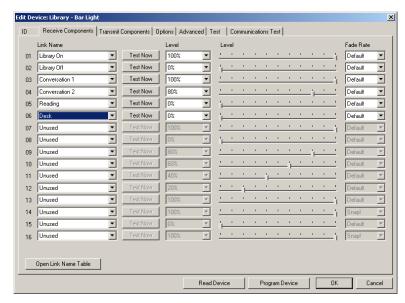
After all of the pushbuttons are assigned to the desired transmit mode we press the OK button to accept the edits.

Step 4: Assign the Links to the Wall Switch Dimmers

To complete the linking process we now assign the Links to the Wall Switch Dimmers as well. Once two different devices share a common Link they are said to be "linked" together.

To assign Links to a Wall Switch Dimmer open its Edit Device Dialog. In UPB terminology, the dimmer presets on the Wall Switch Dimmer are considered to be Receive Components (because they receive UPB messages on the powerline). There is a special tab on the Edit Device Dialog, called the Receive Components tab, that is used to configure how the dimmer presets behave.

Each row of this tab corresponds to a different dimmer preset on the Wall Switch Dimmer. Each Wall Switch Dimmer has 16 dimmer presets available. Each dimmer preset has a Link Name selector that is used to assign a Link to it.



We use the Receive Components tab to assign a corresponding Link to the an available dimmer preset.

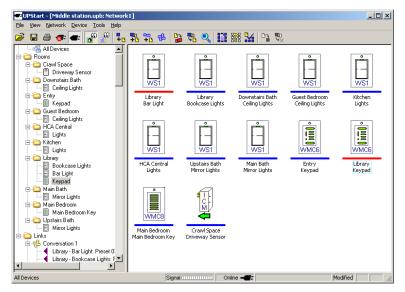
Note: there is absolutely no requirement that the first dimmer preset be the first one that gets assigned. We could have just as effectively assigned the Link to the fifth, ninth, or any dimmer preset as long as it wasn't already assigned.

We accept the edits by pressing the OK button. We repeat this process on any other Wall Switch Dimmer that we want to be controlled by the Controller's pushbutton.

Step 5: Program The Configuration Into The Devices

You may have noticed that there is a little red bar underneath one or more of your device icons. This red bar signifies that you have made some change to the network database that hasn't been programmed into that device yet.

Note: For this example, we have saved up all of our configuration changes up until this point. Alternatively, we could have used the "Program Device" buttons on the individual Edit Device Dialogs to program the devices as we went along. This method allows us to test things as we go along but it also tends to make things go a little slower.



To program all of our configuration changes into the devices, select the **Network >Program All Modified** menu item. UPStart then programs all of our saved up configuration changes into the devices. When the programming is complete press the OK button to close the dialog.

Configuring Bright/Dim Pushbuttons

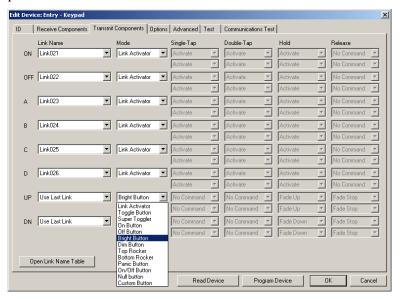
The 6-Button Controllers have a vertical rocker button that is usually used to brighten and dim a device or a scene. The vertical rocker button actually has two pushbutton switches: one at the top referred to as UP and one at the bottom referred to as DN (down). The two pushbuttons can be configured to do anything that the other pushbuttons can do but they are usually used as Bright and Dim pushbuttons. This chapter will explain the steps necessary to configure the UP and DN pushbuttons as Bright and Dim pushbuttons.

Using The Last Link

For our example, we would like the UP and DN pushbuttons to brighten and dim whatever group of devices was last activated. For example, let's say the Romance scene was just activated (by pressing the "B" pushbutton). Then, by pressing and holding the UP pushbutton, the dimmable lights that are part of the Romance scene will get brightened. This mechanism of affecting the last group of devices that got activated is known as "Use Last Link".

Configuring The UP And DN Pushbuttons

In order to configure the UP and DN pushbuttons of the 6-Button Controller we again use the Edit Device Dialog. This dialog has a special Transmit Components tab that is used for configuring the transmit behavior of the pushbuttons.



We go to the Transmit Components tab and set the selectors for the UP pushbutton to "Use Last Link" and "Bright Button". We also set the selectors for the DN pushbutton to "Use Last Link" and "Dim Button".

About the Bright Button Mode:

The Bright Button Mode is designed to transmit a "Fade Up" command when the pushbutton is held and transmit a "Fade Stop" command when the pushbutton is released.

About the Dim Button Mode:

The Dim Button Mode is designed to transmit a "Fade Down" command when the pushbutton is held and transmit a "Fade Stop" command when the pushbutton is released.

To program this configuration into the device we press the "Program Device" button. UPStart performs the necessary command steps to program the configuration data into our device. When the command steps are complete we can press the OK button to close the dialog.

Configuring Transmit Behaviors

The UPB communication method allows for messages to be transmitted multiple times increasing the chance of communication success. Transmitters can be configured to make anywhere from 1 to 4 UPB transmission attempts for each message. This section explains the steps necessary to configure the UPB transmission attempts option on the 6-Button Controller.

Default Transmission Attempts

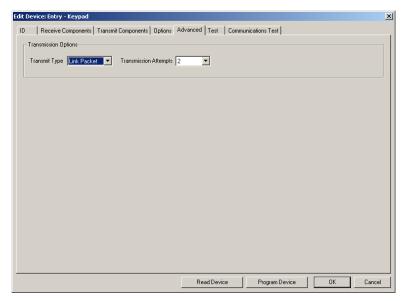
By default, the Transmission Attempts on the 6-Button Controller is set for 2 attempts. This number of attempts has been found to be sufficient to gain well over 99.9% communication success in field-testing.

Changing Transmission Attempts

The default Transmission Attempts is fine for most situations but what if you prefer something else? Suppose you find one module that is having trouble communicating to another module reliably. Suppose all of your devices are communicating great (more probably the case) and you just want them to make one transmission to make things operate quicker. For any of these reasons you might want to change to Transmission Attempts on one or more devices. This can easily be done using UPStart.

Example - Changing To One Transmission Attempt

For our example, we have found that everything is communicating great. We would like to set all of our 6-Button Controller for a single transmission attempt so that they respond to events a little quicker. To configure the Transmission Attempts we again use the Edit Device Dialog of our 6-Button Controller. This dialog has a special Transmit Components tab that is used for configuring transmission options such as the Transmission Attempts.



We go to the Advanced tab and set the selector for the Transmission Attempts to "1". Since we have other devices to configure we will save the device programming for later. To accept this configuration into the network database we press the OK button.

Note: This tab also has a selector for Transmit Type. This selector is for future and advanced purposes. For the PCS UPB Lighting System devices it is strongly recommended that you keep this selector set as "Link Packet".

Chapter 4 LED Indicators

The WMC6 has a total of six LED indicators that are placed behind the six horizontal pushbuttons. These indicators can be used as a nightlight to make the keypad easier to find in the dark. They can also be used in a number of ways to indicate system status. This chapter will describe the factory default operation of the LED indicators as well as how to use UPStart to modify this default behavior to perform in a way that you desire.

LED Indicator Factory Default Behavior

When the 6-Button Controller is shipped from the factory it is preconfigured to act as a default scene lighting system controller.

LED Group Behavior

To support the default scene lighting system controller, the LED indicators are configured to light up (to maximum brightness) the last pushbutton that is pressed. All other LED indicators extinguish in such a manner that only one LED will be turned on at a time.

LED Tracking

Furthermore, the 6-Button Controllers are configured such that the LED indicators on multiple 6-Button Controllers will track one other. This means that if the 'A' pushbutton is pressed on one controller the 'A' LED indicator will illuminate on all 6-Button Controllers.

Keypad Backlight Feature

The 6-Button Controller has a pushbutton keypad that can faintly light up to allow it to be more easily seen in the dark. This is known as Keypad Backlighting. By default Keypad Backlighting on the 6-Button Controller is enabled.

Pushbutton Indicator Brightness

The 6-Button Controller has pushbuttons that light up when certain events occur. The Controller allows you to choose between five brightness levels (including off) to have the pushbuttons light up to. The pushbutton indicator brightness can be set to High, Medium, Low, Faint, or None. By default the Indicator Brightness on the 6-Button Controller is set to High.

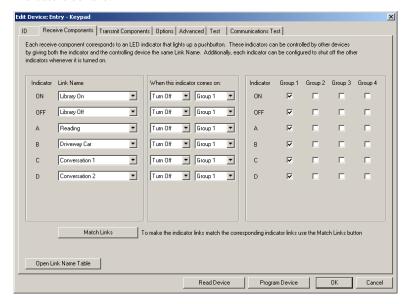
Using UPStart to Change LED Indicator Behaviors

The LED Indicator Factory Default Behavior is perfect for many situations but what if you want something different? The PCS 6-Button Controller can have its LED indicator behavior customized in many different ways using UPStart. This section describes how you can use UPStart to change the way the LED indicators behave.

Configuring LED Indicator Tracking

The LED indicators behind each pushbutton light up whenever they transmit an On-type command and they extinguish whenever they transmit an Off-type command. To configure multiple 6-Button Controllers to have their LED Indicators track each other we would also like them to light up the LED indicators when an On-type command is received and extinguish the LED indicators when an Off-type command is received.

In UPB terminology, the LED Indicators on the 6-Button Controller are considered to be Receive Components (because they receive UPB messages on the powerline). There is a special tab on the Edit Device Dialog, called the Receive Components tab that is used to configure how the LED Indicators behave.



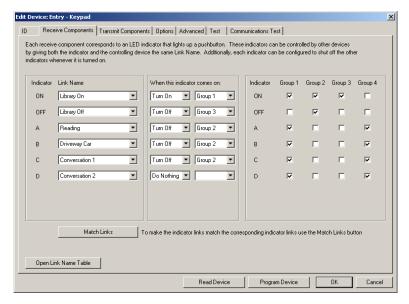
In order to track transmissions from other 6-Button Controllers, we want each indicator to be assigned the same Link that its corresponding pushbutton transmits with. The easy way to do this is to check the checkbox at the top that makes the Indicators use the same Links as their corresponding Pushbuttons.

To program this configuration into the device we press the "Program Device" button. UPStart performs the necessary command steps to program the configuration data into our device. When the command steps are complete we can press the OK button to close the dialog.

Configuring LED Group Behavior

As explained before, the LED indicators behind each pushbutton light up whenever certain events occur. Sometimes it is useful to have another LED or group of LEDs configured to turn on or off at the same time as one LED turns on. For example, when you want the LEDs to indicate which scene is currently active in a room you will want all of the other LED to extinguish when the LED associated with the current scene lights up. Another example is when you want to use the ON and OFF Buttons to turn all lights on and off while you use the 'A', 'B', 'C', and 'D' Buttons to control individual lights.

PCS 6-Button Controllers allow each LED indicator to be part of any of 4 different LED Groups. To configure which LED Groups contain which LED indicators we again go to the Receive Components tab of the Edit Device dialog.



Each LED Group has a checkbox for each LED Indicator. To put an LED into an LED Group simply check the box that corresponds to that LED in that group.

PCS 6-Button Controllers also allow each LED indicator to either turn on or turn off one other group of LEDs whenever that LED indicator lights up. The Receive Components tab of the Edit Device dialog has selectors for each LED to specify the action (Turn On, Turn Off, Do Nothing) and the LED group to perform that action on.

To program this configuration into the device we press the "Program Device" button. UPStart performs the necessary command steps to program the configuration data into our device. When the command steps are complete we can press the OK button to close the dialog.

Configuring Pushbutton Indicator Brightness

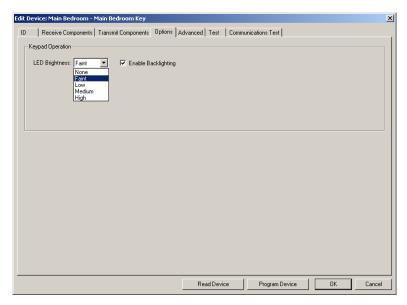
The 6-Button Controller has pushbuttons that light up when certain events occur. The Controller allows you to choose between five brightness levels (including off) to have the pushbuttons light up to. The pushbutton indicator brightness can be set to either High, Medium, Low, Faint, or None. This chapter will explain the steps necessary to configure the Indicator Brightness for the 6-Button Controller.

By default, the Indicator Brightness on the 6-Button Controller is set to "High". This level of brightness allows the pushbutton indicator to be seen even in most daylight situations.

The default Indicator Brightness is fine for most situations but what if you prefer something else? Suppose the pushbutton indicators are too bright and keep us awake at night. We might want to set their brightness to a lower level or not have them come on at all. All of this can be easily configured using UPStart.

Example - Changing To A Lower Indicator Brightness

For our example, the pushbutton indicators on our Main Bedroom Controller are too bright and keeping us awake at night. We want the pushbutton indicators set to a lower brightness setting. To do this we again use the Edit Device Dialog of our Main Bedroom Controller. This dialog has a special Options tab that is used for configuring options such as the Indicator Brightness.



We go to the Options tab and set the selector for the LED Brightness to "Faint". To program this configuration into the device we press the "Program Device" button. UPStart performs the necessary command steps to program the configuration data into our device. When the command steps are complete we can press the OK button to close the dialog.

Configuring the Keypad Backlight Feature

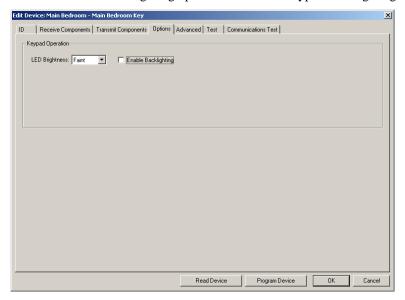
The 6-Button Controller has a pushbutton keypad that can faintly light up to allow it to be seen in the dark. This is known as Keypad Backlighting. The Controller allows you to choose whether you want Keypad Backlighting enabled or disabled. This section will explain the steps necessary to configure the Keypad Backlighting for the 6-Button Controller.

By default, the Keypad Backlighting on the 6-Button Controller is set to "Enabled". This allows the pushbutton indicators to be located in the dark.

The default Keypad Backlighting is fine for most situations but what if you prefer something else? Suppose the pushbutton indicators are too bright and keep us awake at night. Suppose the Keypad Backlighting makes it hard to tell if a pushbutton indicator is on or off. For these reasons, we might want to disable the Keypad Backlighting feature. This can be easily configured using UPStart.

Example - Disabling Keypad Backlighting

For our example, the pushbutton indicators on our Main Bedroom Controller are hard to see while Keypad Backlighting is enabled. We want to disable Keypad Backlighting. To do this we again use the Edit Device Dialog of our Main Bedroom Controller. This dialog has a special Options tab that is used for configuring options such as the Keypad Backlighting.



We go to the Options tab and uncheck the "Enable Backlighting" checkbox. To program this configuration into the device we press the "Program Device" button. UPStart performs the necessary command steps to program the configuration data into our device. When the command steps are complete we can press the OK button to close the dialog.

Chapter 5

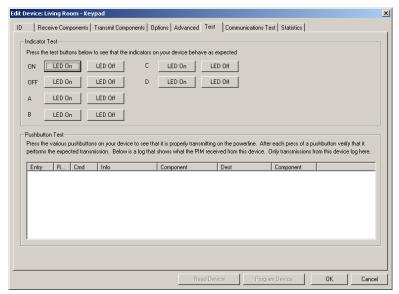
Functionally Testing the 6-Button Controller

After a device's configuration is modified it should be tested to make sure it operates as you expect. UPStart gives you an easy way to do this.

The Device Test Tab

The Edit Device Dialog has a special tab labeled Device Test that allows you to run a functional test on the selected device.

The Device Test tab for a 6-Button Controller is shown below. From this tab you can test that your 6-Button Controller's LEDs properly turn on and off upon command. You can also press the pushbuttons on your 6-Button Controller and see any of its transmissions in the Reception Log to verify that they are working as you expect.



Chapter 6 IR Remote Receiver

This chapter is incomplete at this time. At the time of this writing, the IR Remote Receiver is not supported on the PCS 6-Button Controllers.

Chapter 7 Special Modes Of Operation

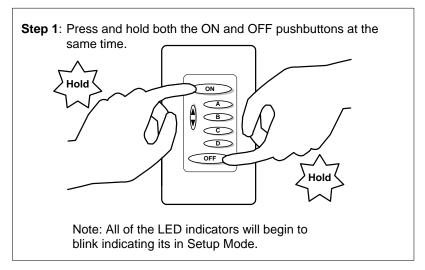
Besides transmitting UPB commands, the Pushbutton switches can be used to put the 6-Button Controller into special modes of operation. This chapter will explain these modes and describe how to enter and exit them.

Setup Mode

Every UPB device has a special mode of operation known as the Setup Mode. Setup Mode is used to allow the device to be setup (either by a UPB Setup Tool or by a UPB Controller). While in Setup Mode the 6-Button Controller will operate normally, it will just be allowed to perform some extra operations needed for device setup.

Entering Setup Mode

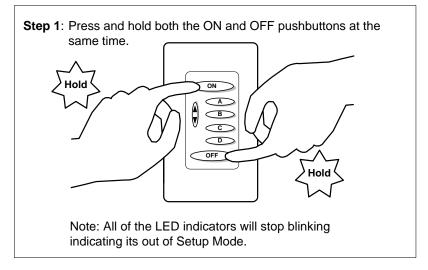
To enter the Setup Mode simply press and hold the 6-Button Controller's ON and OFF pushbuttons. The 6-Button Controller will indicate that it is in Setup Mode by blinking all of its LED indicators quickly.



Note: the 6-Button Controller will automatically time-out of Setup Mode after approximately five minutes.

Exiting Setup Mode

To exit the Setup Mode simply press and hold the 6-Button Controller's ON and OFF pushbuttons again. The 6-Button Controller will indicate that it is out of Setup Mode by stopping the blinking of its LED indicators.



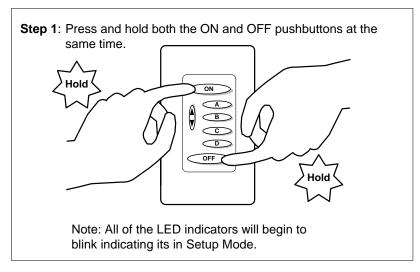
Note: the 6-Button Controller will automatically time-out of Setup Mode after approximately five minutes.

Factory Default Mode

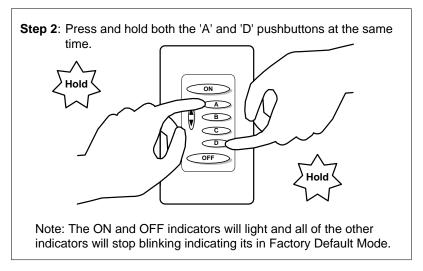
The 6-Button Controller can be set back to its factory default configuration by entering it into Factory Default Mode. Once the 6-Button Controller is put into Factory Default Mode its configuration registers will be set back to the same values they were when the device first came from the factory. While in Factory Default Mode the 6-Button Controller will continue to operate normally.

Entering Factory Default Mode

The Factory Default Mode can only be entered from the Setup Mode. Follow the instructions given above for entering the Setup Mode and then proceed to put the 6-Button Controller into Factory Default Mode.



To enter the 6-Button Controller into the Factory Default Mode simply press and hold the 6-Button Controller's 'A' and 'D' pushbuttons. The 6-Button Controller will indicate that it is in Factory Default Mode by lighting its ON and OFF indicators.



Note: the Factory Default Mode can only be entered from the Setup Mode.

Exiting Factory Default Mode

The 6-Button Controller can be taken out of the Factory Default Mode in the exact same manner it is taken out of Setup Mode (e.g. press and hold the ON and OFF pushbuttons).

Note: the 6-Button Controller does not time out of the Factory Default Mode.

Chapter 8 Getting Help

The UPStart setup tool can be a complex program. As you use UPStart, you may find that you have questions about how to do some things, or you may find an area where UPStart doesn't behave as you expect.

Outlined below are some procedures and resources available to help resolve problems if you find yourself in a situation where you think you need help.

Before you look too far for answers, make sure that you don't already have the information you are looking for. Check the User Guide carefully for the feature with which you are having problems. Make sure that you are following the directions completely and carefully.

Our web site

If you are still having problems, the next place to look is the PCS Technical Support web site that contains extensive resources for UPStart. The web site is located at:

http://www.pcslighting.com

Some of the information available on the web site includes:

- A list of frequently asked questions. Your questions may already be answered there.
- Technical Notes on some areas that are not covered fully in the User Guide.
- Links to the web sites for manufacturers of those UPB devices that UPStart works with.

If none of the Internet resources helps you fully resolve your problem, the PCS technical support staff will work closely with you to solve any problems related to our software.

Other considerations

While our support personnel will do their best to help you with your software related problems, we know that on occasion a problem can be traced to hardware or to another software application. We will supply as much help as we can, but we can't provide support for products manufactured or published by another company. If you are having problems with your video display or printer, please make sure that you have the most current drivers for them. These can usually be found by contacting your computer manufacturer directly.

Finally, this product is designed to be used on PCs configured with the current versions of Microsoft Windows. This means that we tested for those configurations, and not every operating environment that you might encounter. Any non-standard hardware or software you have may be at the root of your problem. If possible, please disable all such devices to be sure that they are not causing your problem.

Technical support

Unlike other companies you may have worked with, PCS provides technical support that is available using e-mail. You might find that e-mail is a more satisfying way to get technical support. You won't be put on hold, and the technician will have time to fully consider your problems and formulate an answer.

Technical support can be reached either from the bug reporting form on the support web site, or directly by sending e-mail to:

Support@PCSLighting.com

To receive the fastest response to your technical questions, please include the responses to ALL of the following items in your e-mail.:

- What is the exact sequence of events that created the problem? Make sure that you can reproduce the problem by following the same series of steps.
- What is the version number of UPStart? To get the version number from the Help menu, choose About UPStart.
- What is the type of computer you are using and what is the version of Windows in use? The operating system version number can be found using the control panel System applet.
- Provide the exact wording of any error messages.

Software is very complex and a program like UPStart is a very complex program. While the programmers try extra hard to get it right, sometime problems happen. If you find a problem please report it in a way that helps us find it and fix it.

Reporting a bug is an art that everyone should learn regardless of what software you are working with. It is vital that you provide all the information you can. The absolutely most important thing you can do is to tell us how to reproduce the bug. Sometimes this is easy. "Open my design file, select the device called *Bathroom Lights* select the Edit Device operation and UPStart dies".

Now sometimes you can't reproduce the problem. So give us suggestions. For example, if you have a problem where occasionally UPStart crashes try and determine what might have been happening at that time. Were you working with the user interface? Was UPStart just sitting there? Do you think that it died when some controller pushbutton got pressed? Guess. Theorize. Be a detective. Try and reproduce the problem yourself. Give us all the information you have: "UPStart dies sometimes at night. I think it has to do with my bathroom light being on. Attached is my UPStart file".

The more information you provide the quicker the problem can be identified and fixed.

Hardworking programmers everywhere thank good bug reporters.